

TOP SECRET

25X1



22 December 1962

Copy No. C

25X1

E.D.L.

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN



25X1

State Dept. review completed

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

TOP SECRET

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

22 December 1962

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

CONTENTS





25X1

2. Congo: Adoula may have to resort to force and recess parliament to stay in power. (Page 2)
3. USSR-Cuba: Soviet-Cuban economic negotiations. (Page 4)
4. CEMA Meeting: CEMA may soon meet to decide on pooling of national economies. (Page 5)



25X1

7. Notes:  Afghanistan,  (Page 8)

25X1

25X1

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

*Congo: [The deepening political crisis in Leopoldville makes it increasingly likely that Adoula will have to resort to force and recess parliament if he and his government are to stay in power.]

[His government's inability to work with the present parliament was highlighted again yesterday when the Chamber of Deputies voted unanimously for the release from government detention of the extreme leftist former Stanleyville leader Gizenga. There have also been continuing efforts in the Chamber to pass motions of censure against the Adoula cabinet and certain ministers.]

[Although Adoula says his government will ignore the parliament's instructions on Gizenga, Ambassador Gullion says he does not believe this.]

[Gullion yesterday expressed the belief that unless the Adoula government moves to prorogue parliament, "it will go down the drain along with Congo unification, U Thant plan, anti-Communist front and US aid committed thus far.]

[Adoula has been obviously reluctant to use force to stay in office, and has been toying instead with the idea of taking selected opposition leaders into the cabinet.]

[Congo Army chief General Mobutu and President Kasavubu have also indicated reluctance to resort to force, but both have evidenced willingness to do so if necessary to keep extremists from coming to power.]

[This latest political crisis coincides with the arrival of the US military mission to the Congo. Rumors are circulating in Leopoldville regarding the objectives of this mission, and Adoula's opponents may try to]

25X1

Organize demonstrations against it. [redacted]

25X1

25X1

Meanwhile, with reference to the continuing Katanga problem, no progress is being made on the Belgian - Union Miniere (UMHK) payment proposal.

UMHK officials have told Foreign Minister Spaak they will not send their representatives for discussions in Leopoldville "at the present time" because of Tshombe's insistence that only his government is competent to discuss the question.

These officials also said that the US decision to send a military mission to the Congo, U Thant's call for an embargo against Katanga, and signs of anti-Belgian hostility in Katanga had completely changed the previous atmosphere of detente. [redacted]

25X1

25X1

22 Dec 62

DAILY BRIEF

3

25X1

USSR-Cuba: Completion of the first stage of Soviet-Cuban economic negotiations for 1963 was announced in Moscow on 18 December, but there is as yet little indication of the results achieved.

A joint communiqué published on 20 December states full agreement was reached on "basic" trade issues, including the level of exchange, credits, transportation, and "other important questions."

Mikoyan, who led the Soviet side, was backed up by at least two representatives from Soviet long-range domestic planning organizations. The head of the Cuban mission, Carlos Rafael Rodriguez, before his 19 December departure for home, expressed satisfaction with the preliminary talks, citing in particular the "understanding" shown by the USSR toward questions of credits and deliveries of "most important commodities."

Detailed negotiations for a 1963 trade pact are being continued by delegations headed by the Cuban and Soviet foreign trade ministers.

The communiqué stipulates a "broadening" rather than an increase of trade next year. The trade level originally was scheduled to reach some \$750 million in 1962, but, because of deficiencies in Cuban exports, the total for the year probably fell short of this goal by \$75 million to \$100 million. In view of the bleak outlook for Cuban exports, additional Soviet aid almost certainly will be required if even the 1962 volume of Cuban imports is to be maintained next year. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

25X1
25X1

25X1

CEMA Meeting: The party first secretaries of CEMA countries may meet soon to decide on the question of pooling the national economies of member states, according to a Yugoslav correspondent in Bucharest. The subject has been discussed at the just-concluded session in Bucharest of the CEMA Council, and probably will be considered also at a meeting of the CEMA Executive Committee.

It seems likely that the party secretaries will reach agreement on some type of observer status for Yugoslavia. No representatives or observers from Albania, Communist China, or North Korea have been in Bucharest; there was an observer from North Vietnam.

In his speech on 19 November to the CPSU central committee plenum, Khrushchev said that "in all probability, in the near future, representatives of CEMA member countries will have to meet again at the highest level..." [redacted]

25X1

25X1

22 Dec 62

DAILY BRIEF

5

25X1

25X1

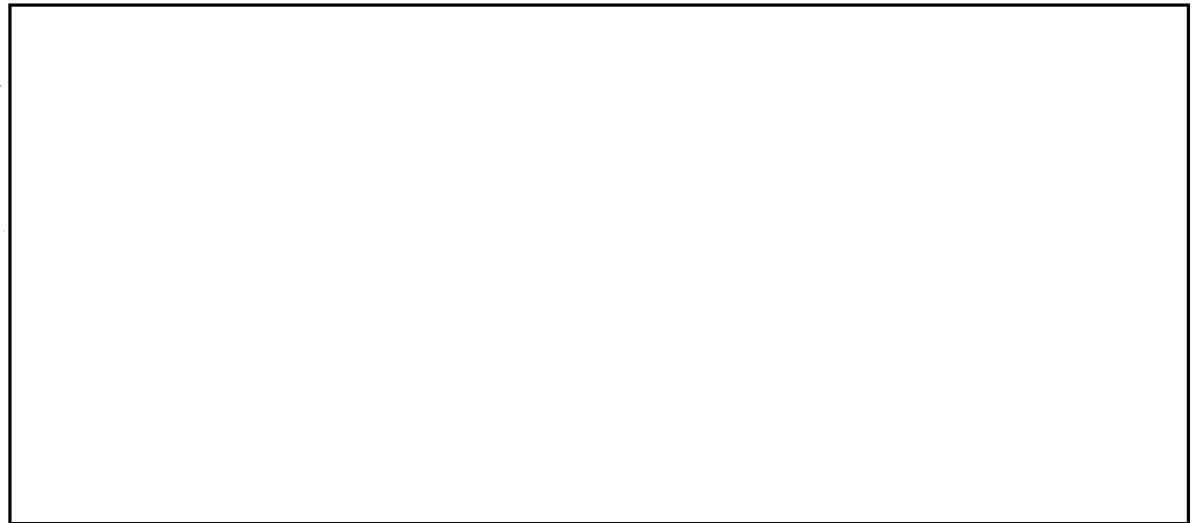
Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

Next 1 Page(s) In Document Exempt

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP79T00975A006700460001-7

NOTES

25X1

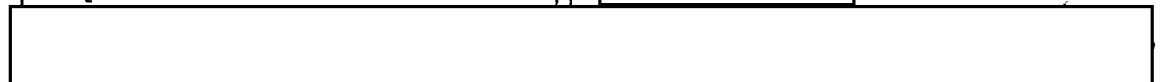


Afghanistan: Prime Minister Daud has again emphasized that Afghanistan is prepared to risk the loss of US economic assistance rather than re-open its border to US aid shipments through Pakistan. He is trying to persuade the US to make greater use of Iran as a transit route. Daud has told Ambassador Steeves that he recognizes that Afghan neutrality may be at stake but that nevertheless his government would not make any additional concessions to Pakistan on the Pushtoonistan dispute or on the border closure.

25X1

25X1

25X1



22 Dec 62

8

THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP80-0075A006700460001-7

TOP SECRET

Approved For Release 2003/04/11 : CIA-RDP80-0075A006700460001-7

TOP SECRET